**Changes in the West**

**The Indian Wars**

Culture of the Plains Indians

* Life on the Plains
	+ Great Plains is the \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ in western and central portions of the U.S.
	+ East: Hunting, farming villages; west: nomadic hunting, gathering
* The Horse and the Buffalo
	+ The arrival of \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ and \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ lead most Plains tribes to adopt a nomadic lifestyle by mid-1700s
	+ Trespassing others’ hunting lands caused \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ between tribes, leading to disunity among the various groups
	+ Buffalo provides many basic needs:
		- Hides used for \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_, clothes, blankets
		- Meat used for jerky

Family Life

* Native American family formed ties to other bands that spoke the same \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_
* Traditional male roles included \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ and protection; women would butcher meat, prepare \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_, and set up shelter
* Believe in powerful spirits that control natural world (\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_)
	+ Men or women can become \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_
* Children learn through \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_, stories, games, and example
* Life on the plains was very \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_
	+ Leaders rule by \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_
	+ There was no sense of personal ownership of land

Settlers Push Westward

* Clash of Cultures
	+ Native Americans believed that land could not be \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ while settlers wanted to own the land establish \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ and homesteads
	+ Settlers believed that natives \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ land because did not build upon it
	+ Since they consider land unsettled, migrants go west to claim it
* The lure of Silver and Gold
	+ 1848 \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ gold rush lures thousands of men west
	+ 1858 discovery of \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ in Colorado draws more
	+ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ camps and tiny frontier towns developed from filthy, ramshackle buildings
	+ Fortune seekers, while mostly \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_, came from many different races, \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_, and social backgrounds

The Government Restricts Native Americans

* Railroads Influence Government Policy
	+ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_, government designates Great Plains as one huge \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_
	+ 1850s, treaties define specific boundaries for each tribe
	+ However, soon the government begins to sell \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ of land to the \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ for the development of a transcontinental railway
* Massacre at Sand Creek
	+ On November 29, 1864, an American force of \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ men attacked and destroyed a peaceful village of Cheyenne and Arapaho Indians in the \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ Territory
	+ An estimated \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ Indians were killed, including women and children

Death on the Bozeman Trail

* Bozeman Trail crosses into Lakota hunting grounds
	+ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ asks for end of settlements, but instead begins a war against those settling in Wyoming and Montana
	+ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ raids camps and attacks settlements
* Treaty of \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ 🡪 1868, agreement between the U.S. and the various tribes of the \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ Territory guaranteeing the Lakota ownership of the Black Hills and \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ rights in South Dakota, Wyoming, and Montana
* \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_, leader of \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ Lakota, does not sign treaty and continues to attack \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ located in the northern region of Missouri

Bloody Battles Continue

* Red River War
	+ Starting in 1868, the \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_, Arapaho, \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_, and Comanche engage in 6 years of \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_
	+ In 1874, the U.S. Army launched the \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ campaign begins to forcibly remove these tribes to \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ Territory (Oklahoma and northern Texas)
	+ Eventually the \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ is crushed by 1875
* Gold Rush
	+ In 1874, General George A. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ reports \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ in the Black Hills of South Dakota
	+ In violation of the Treaty of Fort Laramie, people stream into the region in hopes of getting rich
* Battle of Little Bighorn
	+ 1876, Sitting Bull has vision of \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ at sun dance
	+ Between June 25-26, Custer’s 700 men were defeated and \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ was killed
	+ By late 1876, Sioux are defeated; some take refuge in Canada
		- People starving; \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_surrenders 1881

The Government Supports Assimilation

* + 1881, Helen Hunt \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ exposes the mistreatment of Indians in her book, *\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_*
* The \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ Act of 1887
	+ Assimilation – natives to give up way of life, join white culture
	+ 1887, Dawes Act to “Americanize” natives, break up reservations
		- Gives land to individual Native Americans
		- Sell remainder of land to settlers
		- Money for farm implements for natives
	+ In the end, Native Americans receive only 1/3 of land, no money

The Destruction of the Buffalo

* Destruction of \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ most significant blow to \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ life
* \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_, fur traders shoot for \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_, destroy buffalo population

The Battle of Wounded Knee

* \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ - ritual to regain lost \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_
* Dec. 1890, Sitting Bull is \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ when police try to arrest him
* Seventh Cavalry takes about \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ Lakota to \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ Knee – cavalry kill 300 \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ Native Americans
* Battle ended \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ wars, Lakota dream of \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ old life

**The Wild West**

Cattle Becomes Big Business

* \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ and Cowboys
	+ American settlers learn to \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ large herds from \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ vaqueros
		- Adopt way of life, \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_, vocabulary
	+ Texas \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ - sturdy, short-tempered breed brought by \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_
	+ Cowboys not in demand until \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ reach Great Plains
* Growing Demand for \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_
	+ After Civil War, demand for meat \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ in rapidly growing \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_
* The Cow \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_
	+ Cattlemen establish \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ yards where trails and rail lines meet
	+ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ Trail becomes major cattle route from \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_, Texas to Abilene, Kansas

A Day in the Life of a Cowboy

* A Day’s Work
* 1866-1885, up to 55,000 cowboys on plains
* \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_% African American, \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_% Mexican
* Cowboy works \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ hours on ranch; 14 or more on trail
* Cowboys had to be expert \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ and \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_; alert for dangers that may harm, upset cattle
* Roundup
* During spring \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_, longhorns were found and then herded into corral
* Cowboys would separate \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ marked with own ranch’s brand; brand calves
* The Long Drive
	+ Herding of animals or long drive lasted about 3 months
	+ Cowboys were required to be in the \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ from dawn to dusk; they would sleep on the \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ and wash in the river
* Legends of the West
	+ Celebrities of the west included showmen like \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_, Calamity Jane, Buffalo Bill \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_, and Wild Bill Hickok
	+ Lawmen and outlaws were also very famous; \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_, Jesse James, Doc \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_, and Billy the Kid

The End of the Open Range

* Changes in Ranching
	+ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_, bad weather from 1883 to 1887 destroy whole \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_
	+ Ranchers keep smaller herds that yield more \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ per animal
	+ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ wire, developed in \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_, was used to separate pastures on ranches

Government Support for Settlement

* \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ – Southern freedmen who settled in Kansas
* 1862 – Homestead Act offers \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ acres free to any head of household
	+ 1862-1900, up to \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ families settle
* Railroad, state agents, speculators profit; \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_% of land to families
* Government strengthens act, passes new legislation for settlers

The Closing of the Frontier

* In 1872, \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ National Park, located in the Wyoming and \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ Territories became the first national park
* Established to protect some of the \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ that still existed in the west
* 1890s, no \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ left; some regret loss of unique American feature

Settlers Meet the Challenges of the Plains

* Dugouts and \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_
	+ There are few trees on the Great Plains, so many settlers would dig homes into sides of ravines or hills
	+ In plains, make soddy or sod home by stacking blocks of \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (dried grass)
* Women’s Work
	+ Homesteaders virtually \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_, must be self-sufficient
	+ Women were expected to do all of their traditional \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ as well as some of the more traditional work of men
	+ Women would cook, clean, make \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_, can fruits and vegetables, etc.

**Farmers and the Populists**

Farmers Face Many Issues

* Between 1870 and 1895, farm \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ plummeted
* Cotton, which had previously sold for \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ cents a pound was only sold for 6 cents a pound in the \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_
* Soon, it was costing farmers more to produce corn than they could make selling it
	+ They began to burn the corn and use it for \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ instead
* To pay for new machinery, seed, livestock, and other needs, farmers went into \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_
* Farmers began to \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ their farms and became tenant farmers

Big Business Hurts Farmers

* Farmers blamed big business, in particular the \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_, for their problems
* Since the railroads were \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_, they could charge whatever price they wanted, hurting the average farmer
* Farmers also felt \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ on a political level since fewer and fewer politicians were coming from \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ states or agricultural backgrounds

Farmers Unite to Address Common Problems

* In 1867, Oliver H. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_, a farmer from Minnesota, created the Patronage of Husbandry, commonly known as the \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_
* The goals of the Grange included providing \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ on new farming techniques, calling for the \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ of railroads, and grain elevator rates.
* Starting in the mid-1870s, several states established \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ that set maximum rates for \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ costs

The Populist Party Platform

* With the spread of the \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ around the nation, the formation of the Populist Party began
* Populists sought to build a new political \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ from the group up through \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ movements around the nation
* The Populists proposed the coinage of \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ to combat low prices, \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ ownership of railroads to combat high costs, and advocated for women’s rights
* Populists, although mostly made from people with \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ backgrounds, worked to appeal to the \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ poor by claiming that they had a common enemy, the \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

Populists Achieve Some Success

* In the election of \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_, the Populist presidential candidate won more than one \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ votes
* Populists were elected to three \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_, five Senate seats, and ten seats in the \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ of Representatives
* By 1894, the Populists became so \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ that the major parties considered backing up their ideas

Silver or Gold?

* **\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_** 🡪 monetary standard or system based upon the use of \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ metals, traditionally gold and silver
	+ Advocated in the United States as “free silver”
* **\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_** 🡪 monetary system in which the standard economic unit of account is based on a fixed quantity of \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_
* William Jennings \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_, a congressman from Nebraska, spoke out against the gold standard and attacked Grover \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ and all those who opposed the coinage of silver
* This speech, known as the “\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_” worked to inspire and unify those struggling around the nation

Bryan and the “Cross of Gold”

* 1896, Republicans commit to \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_, select William McKinley as their candidate
* Democrats favor “\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_” and chose to endorse William Jennings Bryan
	+ Populists endorse \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_, choose own VP to maintain party identity
* The End of Populism
	+ McKinley wins CA, OR, the \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_, and Northeast; Bryan wins the \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ and Great Plains
	+ McKinley elected president leading to eventual collapse of populism
	+ Legacy: \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ parties can greatly influence the major parties in the United States